Importance of Protecting the Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone/Trinity Aquifer Recharge Zone

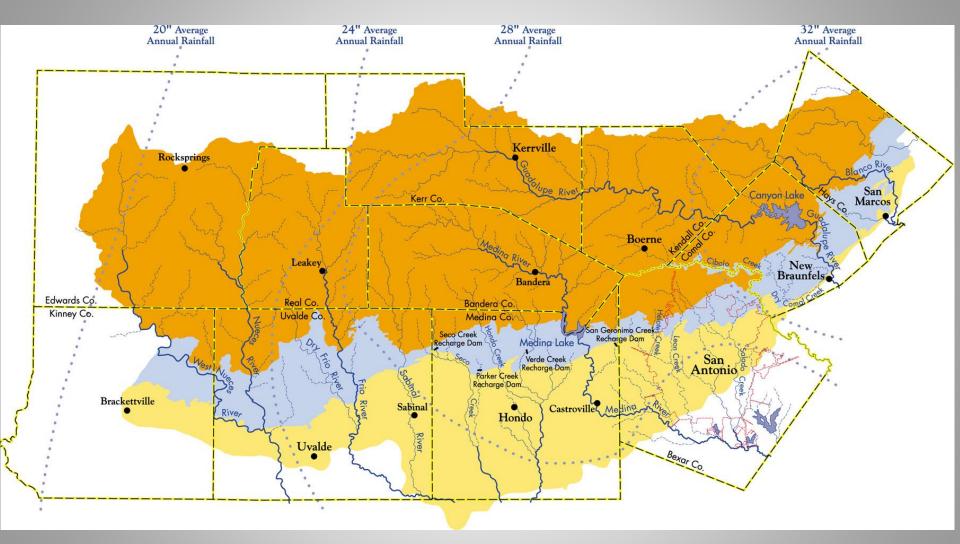


Trinity Glen Rose GCD July 13, 2023

by Ronald T. Green, Ph.D., P.G. LLC

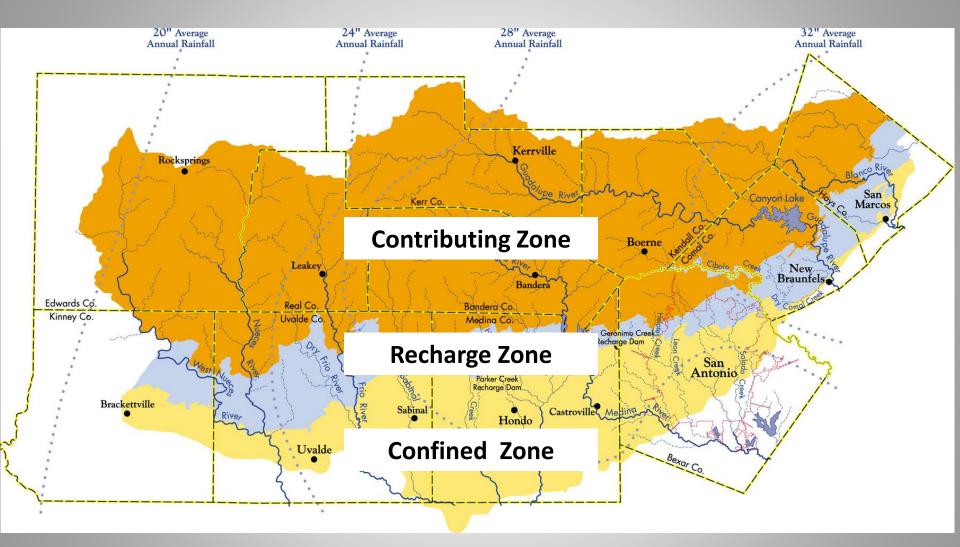
What is the relationship between the Trinity and Edwards aquifers?

Edwards Aquifer



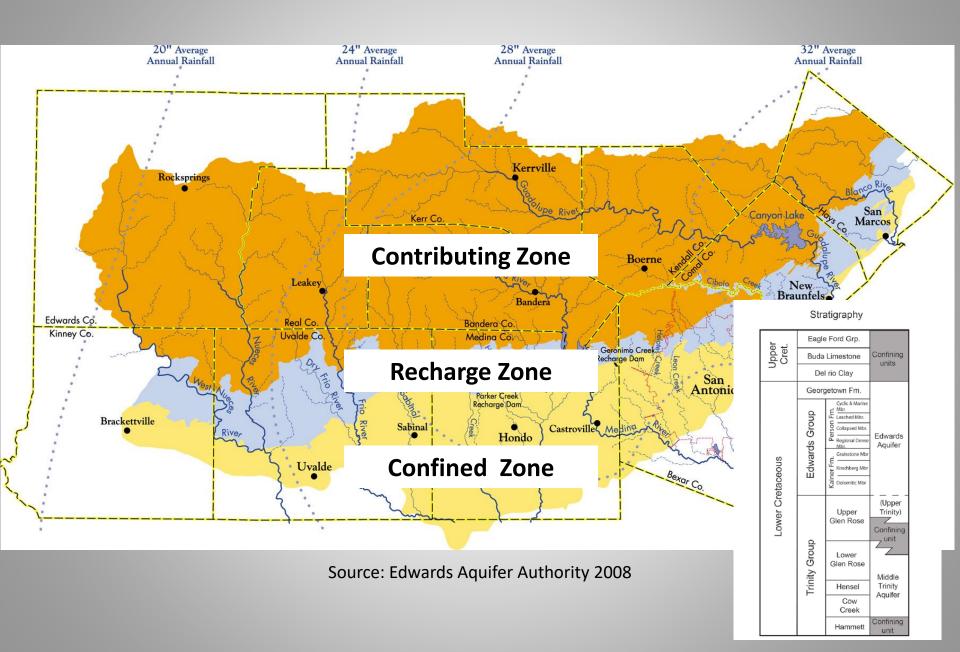
Source: Edwards Aquifer Authority 2008

Edwards Aquifer

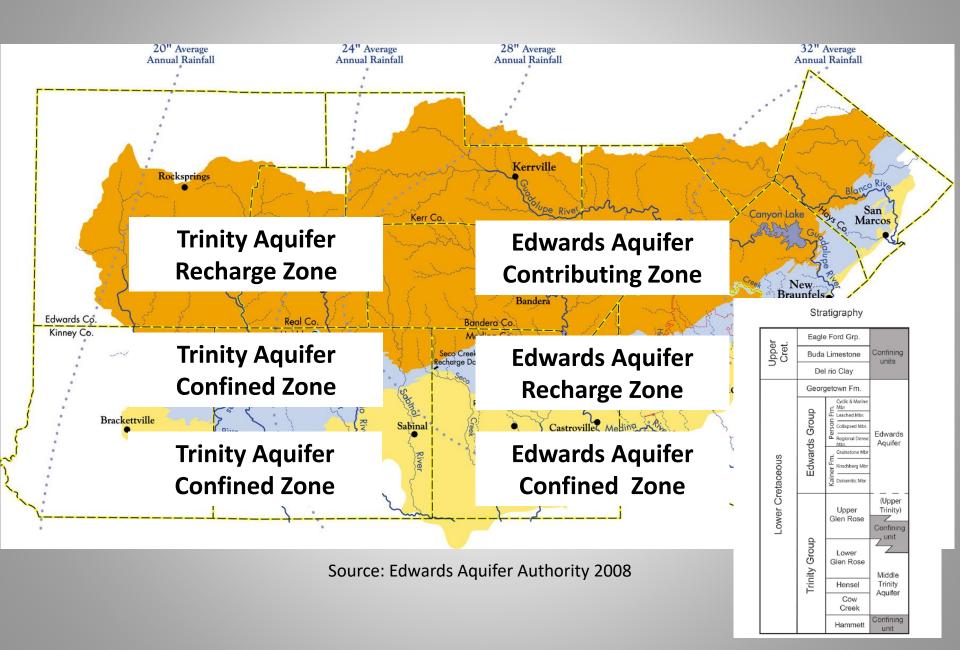


Source: Edwards Aquifer Authority 2008

Edwards Aquifer

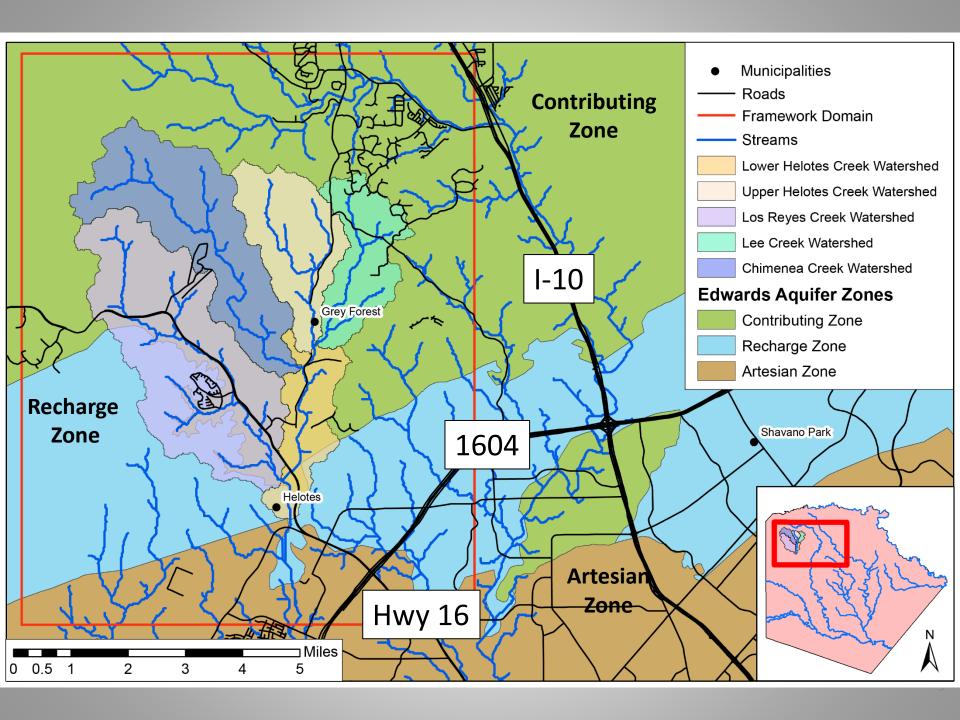


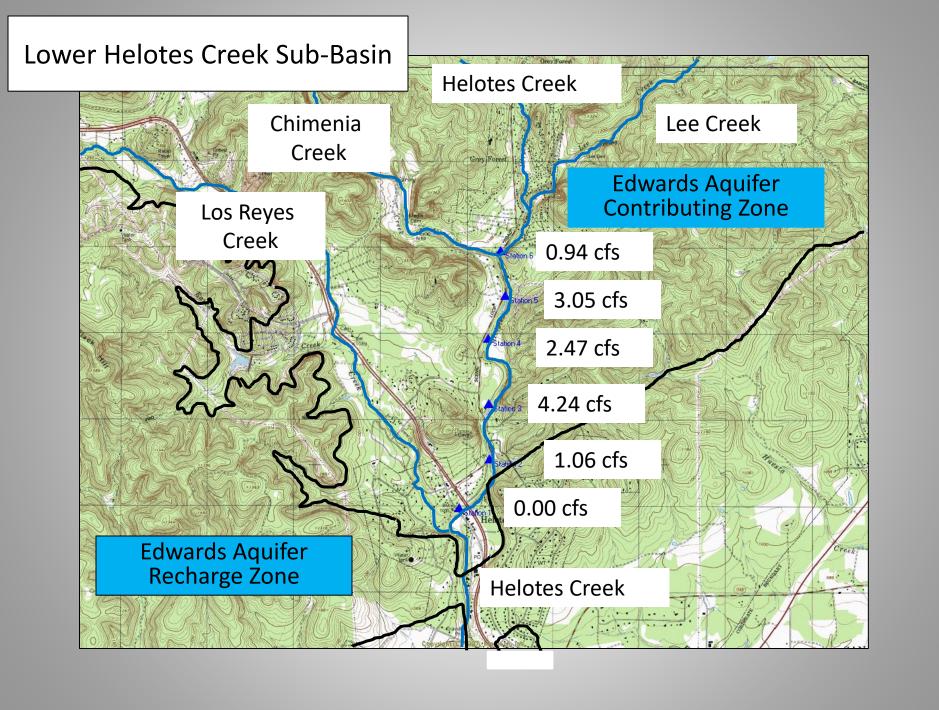
Edwards Aquifer – Trinity Aquifer

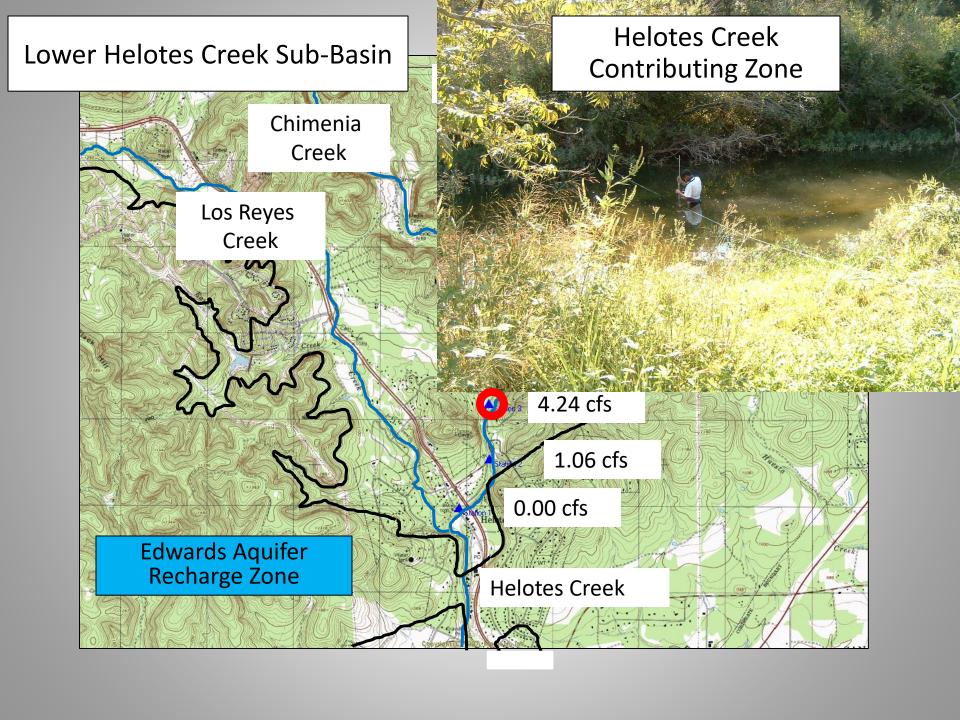


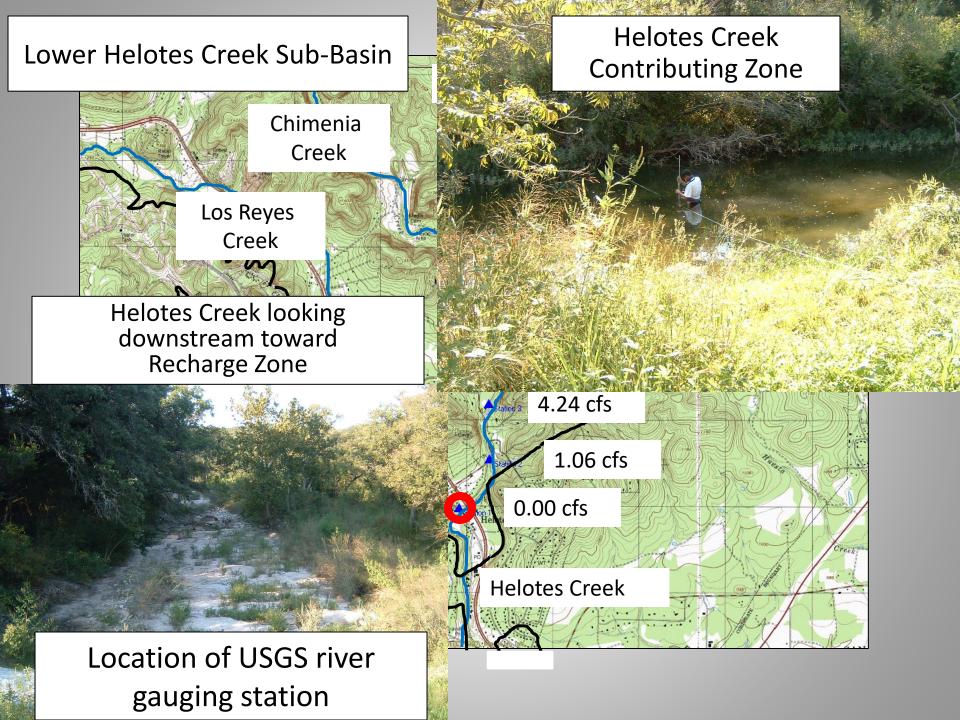
Transition from Trinity to Edwards Aquifer

Gain/Loss Study of Helotes Creek

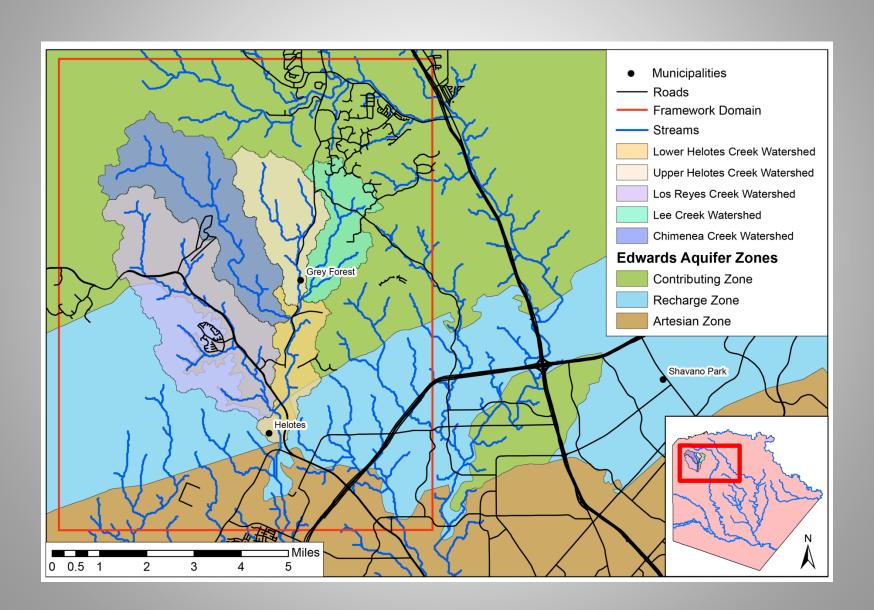






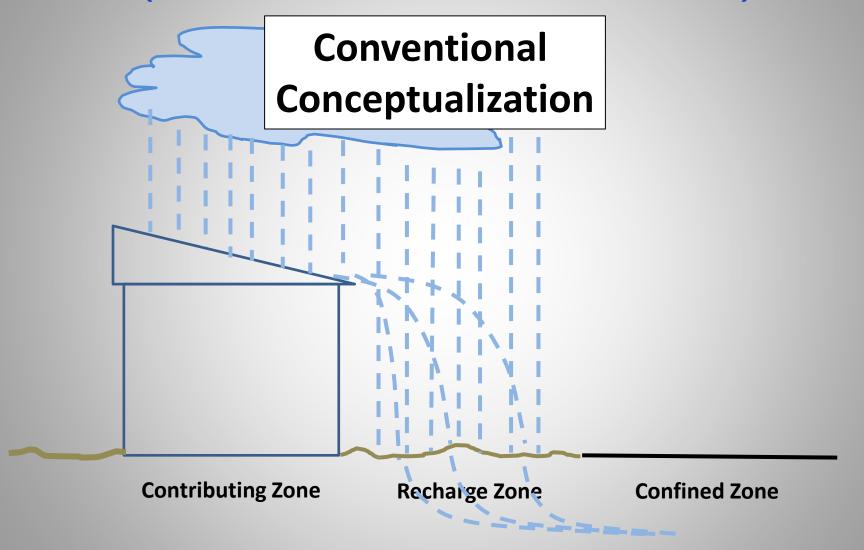


Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone Absent in Helotes Creek Watershed

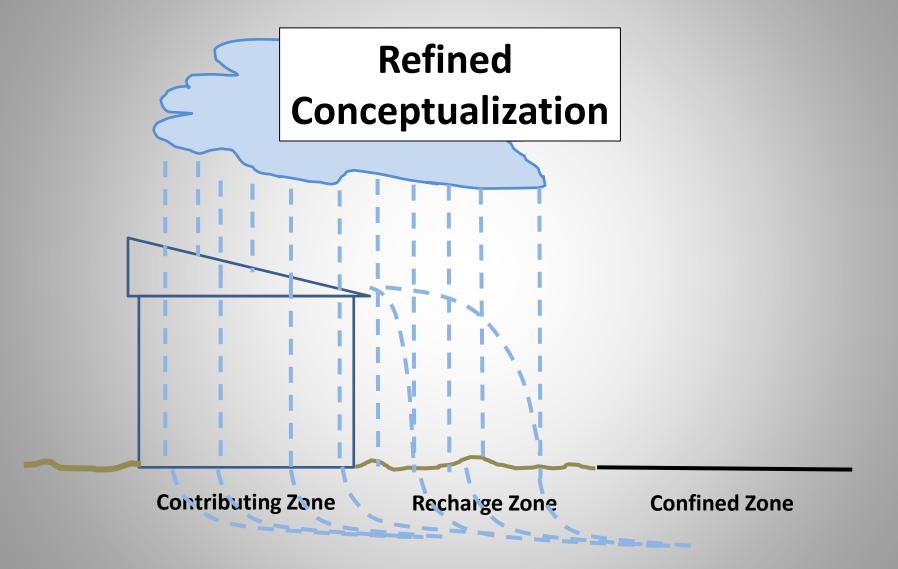


Allogenic + Autogenic Recharge

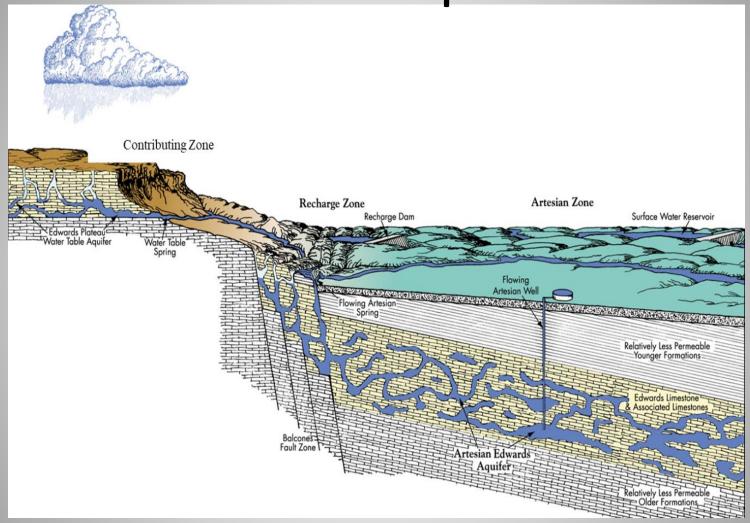
(Derived from Within and from Yonder)



Autogenic + Allogenic Recharge

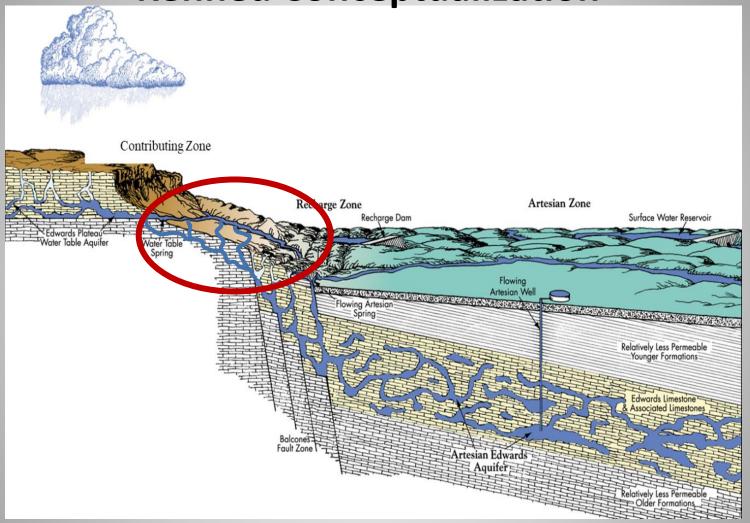


Edwards Aquifer Conventional Conceptualization



Source: Edwards Aquifer Authority 2008

Edwards Aquifer Refined Conceptualization



Source: Edwards Aquifer Authority 2008

Why is development in NW Bexar County so important to recharge of the Trinity and Edwards aquifers?

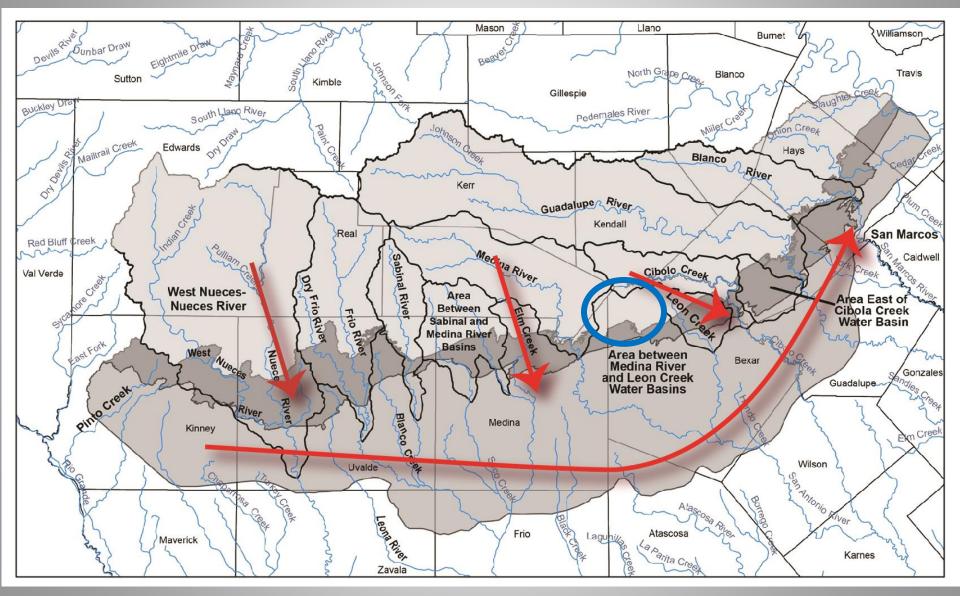
How Does Development Impact the Environment?

Dense development increases impervious cover, increases flooding, and degrades runoff.

 Wastewater effluent can degrade the environment if discharged within watersheds.

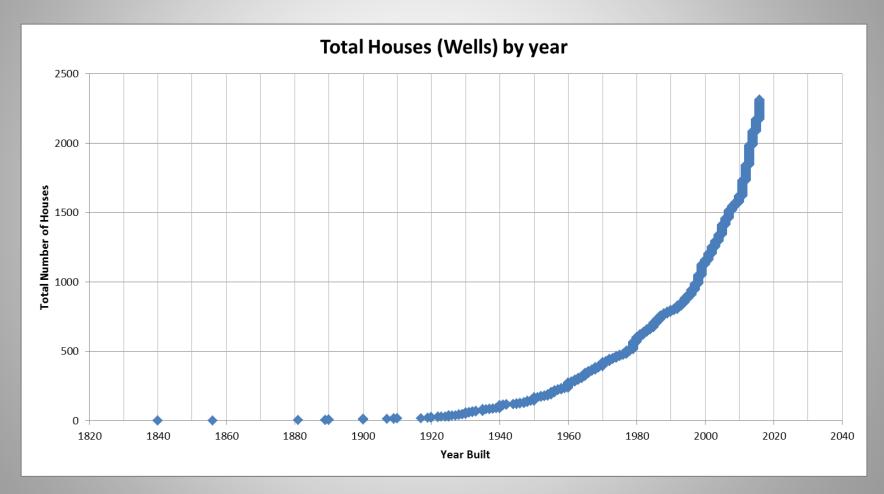
 Degraded runoff and effluent can impact the Trinity and Edwards aquifers if recharge water is degraded.

Recharge closer to SAWS wellfields has less opportunity to be diluted



What is the State of the Contributing Zone in NW Bexar County?

"Exponential" Residential Growth In Helotes Creek Watershed



Bexar County Appraisal District

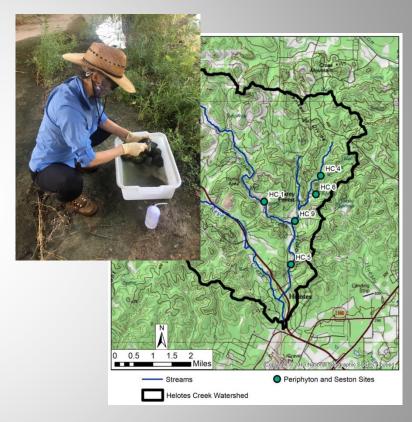
Use trophic state to determine degradation of the watershed



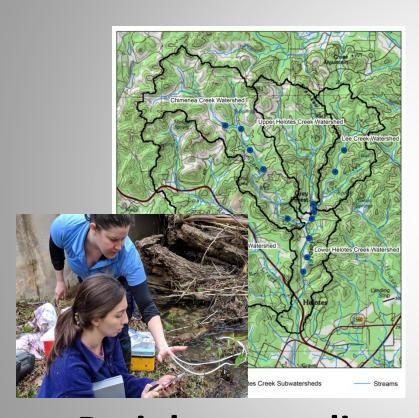
Conventional indicators of degradation (i.e., nutrients such as P and N) may not be sufficiently sensitive to detect source area degradation until after the causes of degradation are firmly entrenched

EAA/SwRI Sampled Water and Periphyton/Seston to Determine Trophic State of Helotes Creek Watershed





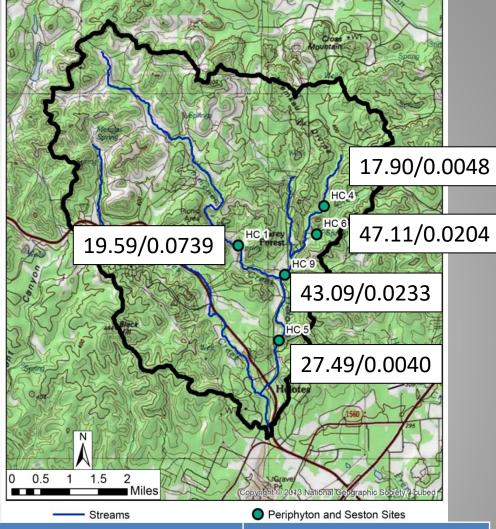
EAA/SwRI Sampled Water and Periphyton/Seston to Determine Trophic State of Helotes Creek Watershed





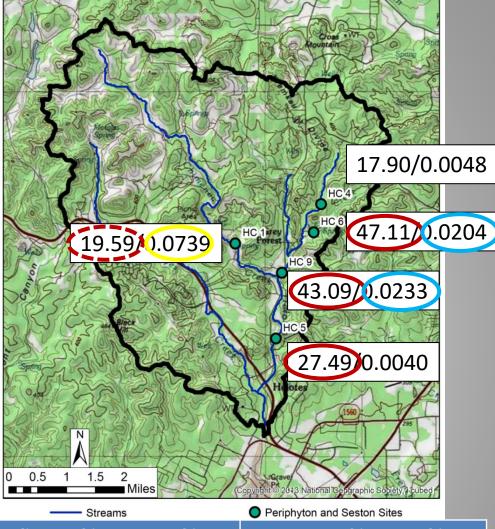
Periphyton – slime stuck to rocks in creek bed Seston – stuff that floats in creek water (bio-accumulators)

Periphyton/Seston collected 2019



Variable	Oligotrophic-mesotrophic boundary	Mesotrophic-eutrophic boundary
Mean benthic chlorophyll (mg/m²)	20	70
Maximum benthic chlorophyll (mg/m²)	60	200
Sestonic chlorophyll (mg/L)	0.010	0.030

Periphyton/Seston collected 2019



		• Company territories
Variable	Oligotrophic-mesotrophic boundary	Mesotrophic-eutrophic boundary
Mean benthic chlorophyll (mg/m²)	20	70
Maximum benthic chlorophyll (mg/m²)	60	200
Sestonic chlorophyll (mg/L)	0.010	0.030

Use trophic state to determine degradation of the watershed



Helotes Creek is already marginally degraded

What is the Future of the Contributing Zone in NW Bexar County?







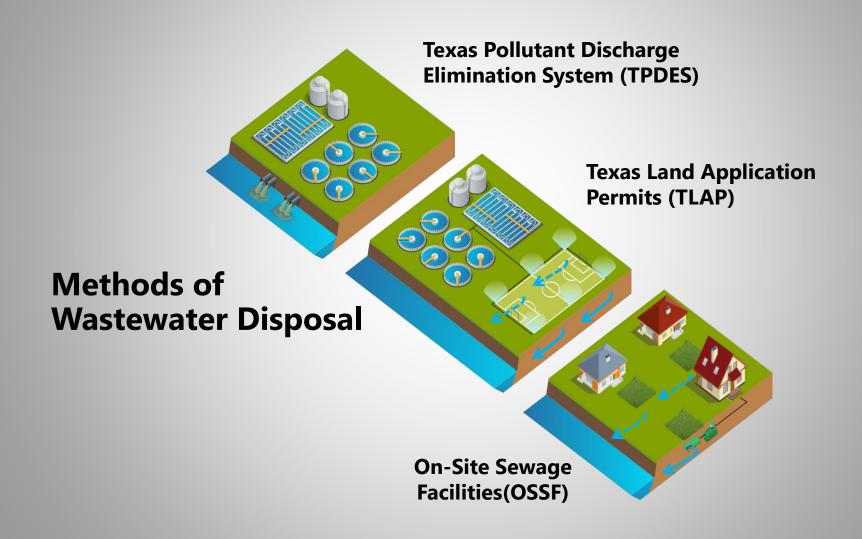
Proposition 1 Water Quality Demonstration Projects Edwards Aquifer Protection Program

Comparative Evaluation of Wastewater Disposal Practices in the Contributing Zone of the Edwards Aquifer (2018-2020)

Southwest Research Institute®

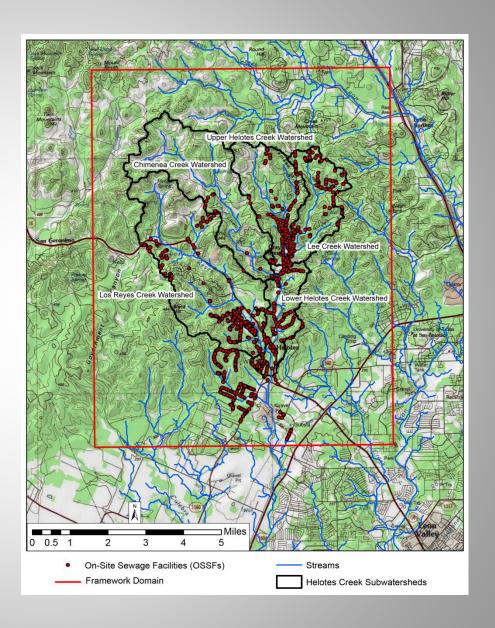
with
Edwards Aquifer Authority
City of Austin
University of Texas – San Antonio

Project Overview/Scope



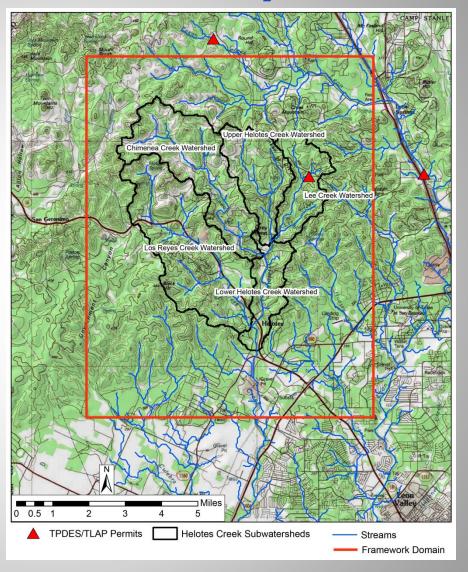
OSSF Permits

- There are 1,412 OSSFs within the watershed
- Both standard systems and aerobic-surface spray systems,
- Distance to creek beds:
 - Lowest: < I ft</p>
 - Greatest: ~ 2569 ft
 - Average: ~ 827.3 ft
 - <u>Median:</u> ~ 762.4 ft



No TPDES and TLAP in Study Area*

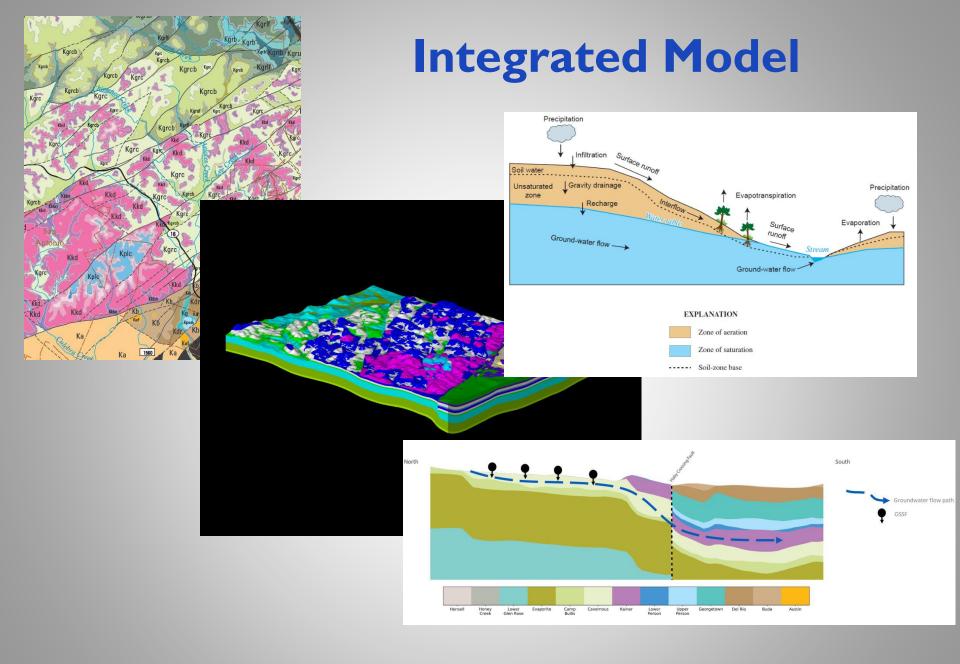
- TPDES = Texas Pollutant
 Discharge Elimination System;
 federally-regulated permits
- TLAP = Texas Land
 Application Permit; stateregulated permits



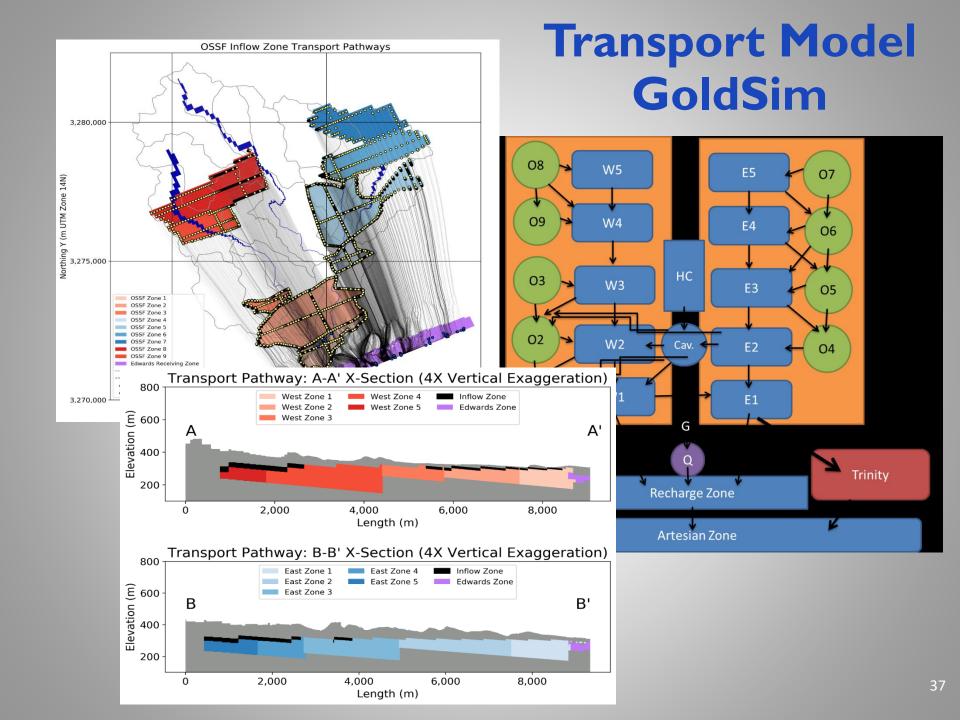
^{*} One was "in the books" but addressed at another area in Bexar County

Developed Integrated Hydrologic Model to Predict Impact of Different Types of Waste Disposal Facilities

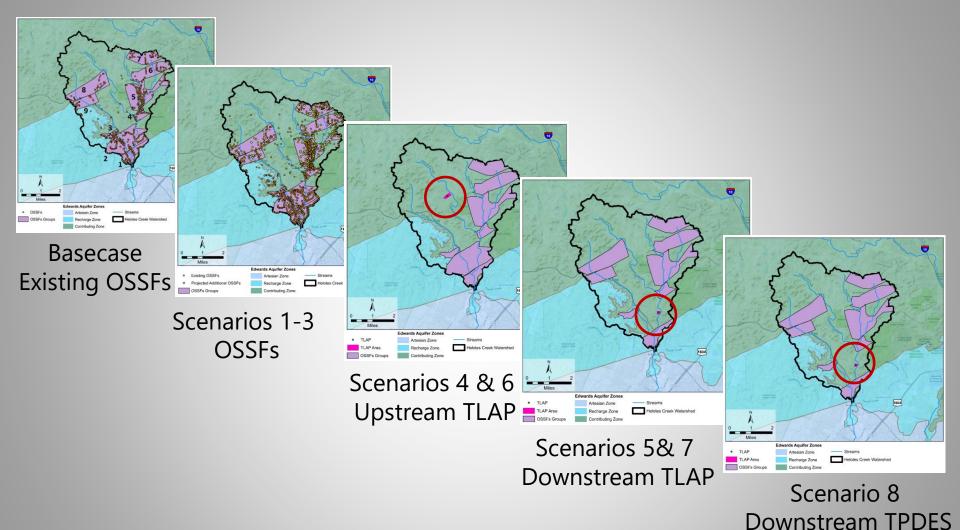
- Hydrologic modeling requires two integrated models.
 - Groundwater Model
 - Surface-Water Flow Model
- All modeling software is open source and available in the public domain.



All Effluent Ends Up in Edwards Aquifer



Considered Eight Scenarios

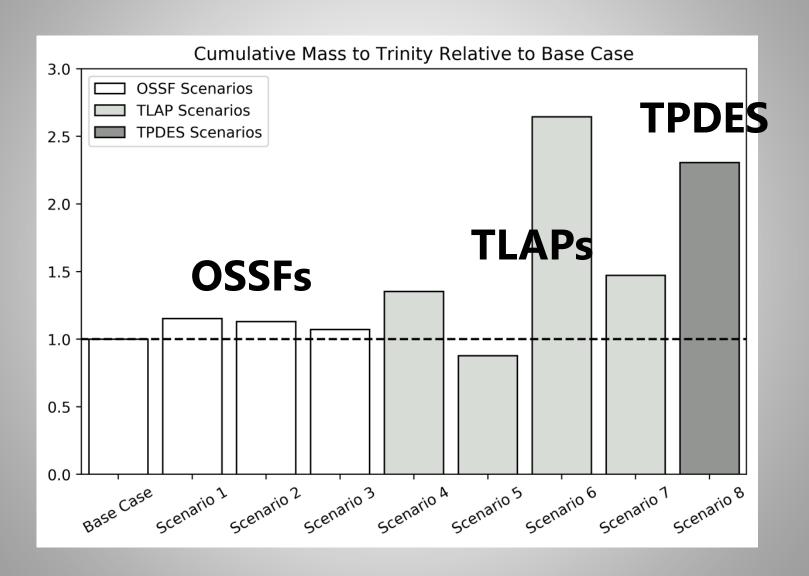


Scenarios

 OSSF scenarios <u>include unaccounted and defective</u> <u>facilities.</u>

Capacity of the TPDES and TLAP facilities equates to 4,800 homes over 1,800 acres, a residential development conceivable in the 15,640 acre Helotes Creek watershed.

Results



Conclusions of EAPP Study

- Integrated model developed to simulate wastewater impact on recharge
- Impact of OSSF,TLAP, and TPDES <u>simulated</u>
- Trophic state of Helotes Creek is already <u>marginally impacted</u>
- <u>Eight scenarios evaluated</u>, many others possible (i.e., simulating particular facilities, varying distance to creek, field testing TLAP & TPDES, etc.)
- Increased discharge of effluent, <u>regardless of facility type</u>, will render the creek <u>clearly degraded</u>





Source: The Helotes Herald

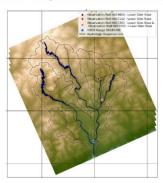
Closing Note

Impact of development within Helotes is not addressed in this evaluation

Questions

Background Documentation

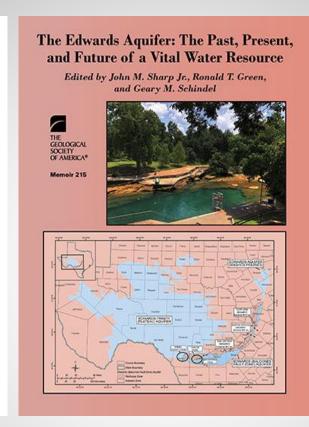
Comparative Evaluation of Wastewater Disposal Practices in the Contributing Zone of the Edwards Aquifer



Prepared for:
City of San Antonio, Parks and Recreation Department,
Edwards Aquifer Protection Program
and
San Antonio River Authority

by:

Mauricio E. Flores, Ronald T. Green, PhD, P.G., Kindra Nicholaides, Paul Southard, Rebecca Nunu, David Ferrill, PhD, P.G., Gary Walter, PhD, Stuart Stothoff, PhD, P.G., Nicholas Martin, P.G., P.H. Southwest Research Institute[®] San Antonio, Texas 78238-5166 July 2020





The Edwards Aquifer

Jack Sharp and Ron Green



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